FARM FRESH EGGS BASICS ON KEEPING CHICKENS

MARIAH AFSHARI & ANGIE CARLSON

READY SET RIDE THERAPEUTIC RIDING FACILITY



AGENDA

- Introduction to Ready Set Ride
 - Who we are
 - Meet the Chickens!
- Benefits of Raising Chickens
- Need-to-Know for Getting Started
- Estimated Costs
- Q & A





WHY CHICKENS?

- Teach family about sustainability, how we can do our part
- Produce farm-fresh eggs
- Natural method of protein consumption for meat-industrysensitive family or vegetarians
- Why not?





LIVING WITH CHICKENS

- Lifespan can vary but average 6-8 years in a backyard flock, reaching 10-12 with excellent care and no genetic issues
- Most flocks will produce eggs for 3-4 years with quantity, size, and shell quality decreasing each year
- You can keep eggs for two weeks at room temp as long as they are not "washed"; otherwise, one week in the refrigerator like all eggs.
- They can run 9 mph and turn on rails





NEED TO KNOW

Pro tip: Check with your HOA first

- Two permits required from Plainfield, a coop permit and chicken-keeping permit, ~\$80 through the Planning Dept
- Coop permit requires:
 - 2 copies of plat or survey of property
 - Build plan submission of materials, foundation, electrical
 - Pre-build city inspection if pouring concrete and post-build inspection for electrical and everything else
- Chicken-keeping permit is signed agreement to care and health of chickens



THE COOP

Pro tip: Compare HOA requirements to Plainfield requirements

- Entire enclosure must be 30 feet from adjacent homes
- Full pen plus shelter must be no less that 32 square feet
- Full pen plus shelter must be enclosed with a fence constructed of wood or metal
- Enclosed shelter must be at least 16 square feet (of the 32 above), no more than 6 feet tall, and must contain an independent electric heat source that does not require use extension cords



ONCE YOU'RE APPROVED...

Pro tip: Time the process for the month you'd want to acquire chickens

- When the pen is inspected and approved, you can register to obtain your chickens through the Planning Department
- No Roosters, Limit 8 chickens (hens) per household
- Coops and Pens must be kept clean and tidy to minimize odors
- Rules prohibit slaughtering of chickens on residential property except for humane reasons



BREEDS TO CONSIDER

Friendliest Breeds:
Australorp & Isa Brown hen

000	Real	Self	Suffi	cienc	y.com
COL.					

Best Chicken Breeds for Eggs

	Breed	# Eggs Per Year	Temperament	Best For	Start to lay at
1	Golden Comet	300	Hardy & friendly	Dual Purpose	15 weeks
6	Rhode Island Red	250	Hardy & bossy	Dual Purpose	18 weeks
a A	Barred Plymouth Rock	250	Gentle & friendly	Dual Purpose	18 weeks
	White Leghorn	280	Hardy but nervous	Eggs	16 weeks
43	New Hampshire Red	200	Feisty & broody	Dual Purpose	18 weeks

	Breed	# Eggs Per Year	Temperament	Best For	Start to lay at
*	Buff Orpingtom	200	Friendly & inquisitive	Dual Purpose	19 weeks
	Sussex	250	Friendly & docile	Dual Purpose	16 weeks
	Ancona	200	Hardy but nervous	Eggs	20 weeks
	Marans	200	Calm & docile	Dual Purpose	24 weeks
	Ameraucana	250	Hardy & friendly	Dual Purpose	25 weeks

Similar to Easter Eggers

CARE OF CHICKENS

Climate

• Chickens are well-adapted to survive our cold winters and their heated shelters provide respite as well — each breed has unique strengths, so research your options ©

Feed (Farm & Fleet, Big R, Feed Loft)

- Nutrena Nature Wise Layer Feed Crumble or Pellet. 40lb bag \$16-18 (crumble)
- Hen House Reserve is another great feed for chickens. 30lb bag \$20-22 (pellet)
- Scraps as treats, fruits and veggies before going bad (ensure no mold)

Supplements (see 14 Supplements for Chickens)

- Multi-vitamin + calcium
- Oyster shell

Find a Chicken Vet here





IN OUR POULTRY LINE

COMMON CHICKEN HEALTH ISSUES

Egg Laying issues are the most common and caused by vitamin deficiencies, parasite or infection, and/or stress with a variety of remedies

- Examples you can remedy are egg yolk peritonitis and soft-shelled eggs
- Adding calcium and protein to the diet can remedy most in addition to general vitamin and oyster shell supplements
- Examples that require a vet are egg binding or infections needing antibiotics



Check the chicken symptom checker here. Chicken health conditions a-z here

COMMON CHICKEN HEALTH ISSUES

Injuries are also common and caused by pecks, entanglements, or fighting

- Detect injuries by seeing bald spots, scabs, or if they aren't putting weight on their foot, acting lethargic
- Prevent fighting and entanglements by making the coop bigger (3-5 sq ft/bird)
- Isolate aggressive birds
- Injuries due to infection like Bumblefoot will need antiseptic wound care, washing, and antibiotic cream; possible a vet trip to drain abscess



COMMON CHICKEN HEALTH ISSUES

Vocabulary: Pasty Vent

- Parasites like mites, lice, ticks, and works are most common parasitic
 diseases among chickens showing feather loss, irritation, lethargy, and loss of
 appetite
 - Clean the coop regularly, replace bedding, spray insecticides and treat bird with antiparasitics (just like dogs)
- Viruses like bronchitis, avian flu, fowl pox are less likely, highly contagious
 - These can be treated with vaccines and should be before you can purchase
- Bacterial infections and Fungal diseases like e coli and salmonella and ringworm respectively are not overly common but treatable

ESTIMATED COSTS

- The average range of backyard chicken coops cost between \$300 and \$2,000 to build, with most people spending around **\$600** for an 18sq. ft. coop with a 90-foot run to hold 6 chickens.
- The maximum cost to raise chickens in your backyard will be about \$69/month, for a flock of 5 hens, kept for 5 years; or on average \$200-500/yr.
 - This includes the birds, feed, bedding, a brand-new high-quality coop, and miscellaneous costs like medicine, pest control, and feeders and waterers.
- Vet visits are about \$100, with an average of \$185 per year per bird with unexpected illnesses increasing a bit more.

Costs for 5 hens

\$600 for the coop

\$400/yr for keep

\$925/yr for vetting

\$1,925 in year one; \$1,325/yr beyond

KEEP RESEARCHING

- See popular chicken topics <u>here</u>.
- The Happy Chicken Coop blog.
- The Chicken Chick blog.
- Raising Happy Chickens blog.

Visit our chickens at Ready Set Ride!

Set up a Barn Tour:

volunteer@readysetride.org

13056 Essington Road Plainfield IL 60585

LIGHT To help maintain egg production during the winter months, extend the daylight hours artificially using a lightbulb set INSULATION

Coops should be properly insulated to help reduce heat transfer or flow and moderate the effect of temperature. Insulation should cover walls, ceiling and floor of the coop.





GROUP ROOSTING

VENTILATION

During the winter, maintaining

adequate ventilation is essential to

prevent moisture and ammonia inside

Provide enough roosting space for all flock members. Roosting allows chickens to cover their feet with thier breast feathers and huddle next to one another to keep warm





Regularly check birds with large combs and roosters for signs of frostbite when the temperature starts to drop.



ELIMINATE DRAFTS

Seal up any holes or cracks that are big enough to let light inside the coop, as it will let out heat; a simple tarp or plastic sheeting is effective.



KEEP WELL FED

The digestion process will raise the core temperature of the chicken and improve their circulation.



ACCESSIBLE WATER

Chickens need constant access to fresh water. Options include insulating the water source, replacing water often, hanging a lamp above the water, or getting a heated bucket.



KEEP BEDDING DRY

Moist bedding increases the likelihood of frostbite, so regularly check and replace with dry bedding.



BEING A READY SET RIDE VOLUNTEER

- ♥ Side-walking
- **♥** Leading
- ♥ Barn Chores
- ♥ Fundraising events
- **♥** Group outings
- ♥ Corporate Match

https://readysetride.org/

https://www.facebook.com/readysetride.org

